#### Sem –I Paper 03 (D) SOCIAL PROBLEMS IN CONTEMPORARY INDIA

#### **Objective:**

1] To familiarize the students with the concept of social problems and theoretical approaches to understand them. 2] To acquaint the students with various structural, familial, developmental and disorganization social problems in contemporary India. Unit - I Social Problems: Meaning, Nature and Theoretical 15 approaches A] Social Problems: definition and nature B] Theoretical approaches to study the social problems: Social disorganization, value Conflict, Deviant Behaviour and Labelling **Unit - II Structural and Familial Problems:** 15 A] Structural : Poverty, inequality of caste and gender B] Familial : Domestic violence, intra and intergenerational conflict and the problem of the aged **Unit - III Developmental Problems:** 15 A] Development induced Displacement B] Ecological Degradation and Environmental Pollution **Unit - IV Disorganization Problems:** 15 A] White-Collar crime and Corruption B] Drug addiction and Suicide **Readings:** Jogan Sankar (ed) Social Problems and Welfare in India, Ashish, New Delhi, 1992 Madan, G.R.: Indian Social Problems : volume I and II, Allied, Bombay, 1973 Ahuja, Ram: Social Problems in India, Rawat, Jaipur, 2002 Jain, Prabha Shasi and Singh Mamta : Mishra, Girish and Pandey Brajkumar : Violence against Women, Radha, New Delhi, 2001 White -collar crimes, Gyan, New Delhi, 1998 Ahmad, Siddique : Criminology (5th ed.), Eastern Book Company, New Delhi, 200532 Paranjape, N.P.: Criminology (12th ed.), Central, Allahabad, 2005 Attar, chand : Poverty and Underdevelopment : New Challenges, Gain, NewDelhi Horton, Paul B andLeslie Gerald R :Weinberg, M.S.Rubington Earland Sue Kiefer Hammersmith :The Sociology of Social Problems (fifth edition), Prentice-Hall, New Jersey, 1974 The Solution of Social Problems-Five Perspectives, (Second Edition) Oxford University Press, New York, 1981.

### Sem-I Paper 03 –(E) : SOCIAL ECOLOGY

#### Objective

<ol> <li>To make the students understand some fundamental concepts and principles of social ecology.</li> <li>To sensitize the students regarding the dynamic relationship between human society and ecosystems.</li> </ol>	
<ul> <li>Unit – I Basic Concepts:</li> <li>A] Ecology and its Branches</li> <li>B ] Ecosystem: Its components and Functioning</li> <li>C] Ecological Principles</li> <li>D) Social Ecology</li> </ul>	15
<ul> <li>Unit – II Human Population and Ecosystem</li> <li>A] Growth and Distribution of World Population</li> <li>B] Ecological Degradation and Population</li> <li>C] Impact of Population Growth on Ecosystem in the context of India</li> </ul>	15
<ul> <li>Unit – III Human Habitat and Settlement Patterns</li> <li>A] Distribution of Population- Tribal, Rural and Urban Communities</li> <li>B] Habitat and Settlement: Meaning and types</li> <li>C] Effects of Socio-economic Factors on Changing Habitats and Settlements</li> <li>D] Tempo of Work and Mobility among Tribal, Rural and Urban Communities</li> </ul>	15
Unit – IV Ecological Problems and Legislations A] Pollution-Water, Air and Noise B] Land Salinity : Causes, Impact and Measures C] Deforestation: Causes, Impact and Measures	15
<b>Readings:</b> Miller, T. G.: Replenish the Earth: A Premier in Human Ecology, Belsmount, Wordswoth Publishing Co., 1972.	

Odum, E. P.: Ecology: The Link between the Natural and Social Sciences, OUP, New Delhi, 1975. Harvey, Brian and John D. Hailett Mukherji,Radhakamal:Environment and Society: An Introductory Analysis, McMillan,London, 1977.Man and His Habitat, A Study in Social Ecology, Popular, New Delhi, 1968.26

Botkin, D. B. andKeller E. A.Merchants, Carolyn(Ed)

Environmental Studies: The Earth as a Living Planet, Charles E.Merrill Publishing Co.Columbus,1982.

Key Concepts in Critical Theory: Ecology, Rawat, New Delhi, 1996.

Goudie, Andrew The Human Impact: Man's Role in Environmental Changes, Basil Blackwell, Oxford, 1981.

Guha, Ramachandra(Ed): Social Ecology, OUP, New Delhi, 1994.Santra, S. C. Environmental Science, New Central Book Agency, Kolkata,2000.

Note: Any other text/ article/reference book suggested by the teacher

### Sem-I Paper 03 (F) SOCIOLOGY OF SOCIAL EXCLUSION

## **Objectives:** 1. To introduce to the students to the concept of social exclusion. 2. To identify the groups and communities subjected to social exclusion. **Unit-1. Understanding the Concept of Social Exclusion:** A. Nature, meaning, definition and scope B. Theories: Dr. B.R. Ambedkar and David Hardiman **Unit-2 Social Categories and Social Exclusion:** A. Caste and social exclusion 15 B. Gender, patriarch and social exclusion C. Religion and social exclusion Unit-3. Socio-Revolutionary Movements and Social Exclusion in India: A. Mahatma Jyotibha Phule and Savitribai Phule B. Chhatrapati Sahu Maharaj and Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Unit 4. Social Exclusion and Inclusive Policies in India: A. Natural/ecological resources and weaker sections Politics of inclusive policies C. Positive discriminations and social exclusion

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#### **Suggested Readings:**

1. Ram, Ahuja. Society in India, Rawat Publications, 2004.

2. Rao, Shankar. Sociology of Indian Society, S. Chand and Company, New Delhi, 2004.

3. Ghurye, G.S. Caste and Race in India, Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1969.

4. Guha, Ranjit. (ed.), Sabaltern Studies: Writings on South Asian History and Society, Oxford, Delhin 1982.

5. Michael, Haralambos. Sociology: Themes and Perspectives, 13th edition, OUP, Delhi, 1994.

6. Forbes, G. Women in Modern India, New Delhi: Cambridge University Press, 1998.

7. Oakley, Ann. Sex, Gender and Society, New York: Harper and Row, 1972.

8. Malcolm. Globalization, London: Routledge, 1996.

9. Beteille, Andre. The Backward Classes in Contemporary India, Delhi, OUP, 1992.

10. Zelliot, Eleanor. From Untouchable to Dalit: Essays on the Ambedkar Movement, New Delhi, Manohar, 1995.

11. Ambedkar, B.R. The Untouchables: Who were they and why they become untouchables, New Delhi, 1948.

## Sem-I Paper-04 (D) Sociology of Social Work

### Objectives

1) To provide knowledge to understand current social work concepts, perspectives, realities, welfare policy and systems.

2) To develop professional knowledge in social work

3) To make the students acquainted with the methodology for social work

4) To develop understanding about the influence of various social movements in contributing to the perspectives of social work practice in India.

#### Unit I. Introduction to social work

a) History and relevance of social work in India (Legacies)

b) Approaches to social work-- Welfare approach, Development approach, empowerment approach, Social action and Rights based approach

### Unit II. Basic Concepts and overview of practice

### methods related to Social Work.

#### a) Basic concepts

Social Welfare, Social Development, Advocacy, Participation, Social Security and safety Nets, Human Rights, Social Exclusion (marginalization, exploitation, oppression), Empowerment.
b) Overview of practice methods—Social case work, social group work, community organization, social research and social welfare administration.

a. Definition

b. Settings where each method is practiced

c. Key differences between the methods

and application d. Underlying philosophy that integrates the methods

#### Unit III. Fields of Social Work

a. Social work and families-women, children, youth and senior citizens

- b. Social work in health--physical, mental health and community health
- c. Correctional work--Prevention and rehabilitation

d. Social work with communities (rural and urban) environment, livelihoods and Infrastructure

e. People with Special Needs-differently able, stigmatized groups

f. Corporate social responsibility

#### Unit IV. Orientation visits to social organizations-

Report Writing & Presentation of Report

#### References

1. Abha Vijai Prakash, (2000) Voluntory Organisation and Social Welfare, ABD Pub., Jaipur

2. Bhattacharya: Integrated Approach to Social Work in India, Jaipur : Raj Publishing House

3. Batra, Nitin (2004) Dynamics of Social Work in India, Jaipur : Raj Publishing House.

5. Barker, R.L. (1999). Social work dictionary. (4th ed.). Washington, DC: NASW Press.

6. Daniel S. Sanders, Oscar Kurren, Joel Fischer(1981): Fundamentals of Social Work

Practice: A Book of Readings, Wadsworth Pub. Co. Michigan

7. Dasgupta Sugata (1967): Towards a Philosophy of Social Work in India, Popular Book Services for the Gandhian Institute of Studies

8. Dayal Parmeshwari(1986): Gandhian Approach to Social Work, Gujarat Vidyapith,

9. Desai, Murali (2002) Ideologies and Social Work (Historical and Contemporary

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Analysis), Jaipur : Rawat Publication.

10. Diwakar, V. D. (1991) Social Reform Movement in India, Mumbai : Popular Prakashan 11. Encyclopaedia of Social Work in India (1968): By India Planning Commission, India Committee on Encyclopaedia of Social Work in India, Published by Publications Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting,

12. Friedlander, Walter A. (1977) Concepts and Methods of Social Work, New Delhi Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.

13. Loewenberg Frank M, Dolgoff Ralph (1972): The Practice of Social Intervention: Goals, Roles & Strategies: A Book of Readings in Social Work Practice, Peacock Publishers.

14. Malcolm Payne, Jo Campling (1997): Modern Social Work Theory: [a critical Introduction) Lyceum Books.

15. Gangrade K. D(1976): Dimensions of Social Work in India: Case Studies, Marwah Publications

16. Richmond, M. (1922). What is social casework? New York: Russell Sage Foundation 17. Roy, Bailey and Phil, Lee (1982) Theory and Practice in Social Work, London : Oxford Pub. Ltd.

18. Wadia A R (1968): History and Philosophy of Social Work in India (Edited), Published by Allied Publishers.

## Sem-I Paper 04 (E) SOCIAL DEMOGRAPHY

### **Objectives:**

 To acquaint the students with basic demographic concepts and theories of population growth and importance Social Demography
 To enrich the understanding of the population problem and its consequences.

### **Unit – I Introduction to Demography**

A] Meaning, Nature and Importance of Demography

**B**] Development of Demography

C] Social Demography: Meaning, importance and relationship with Sociology

**D**] Sources of Population Data : Population Census , Registration of Vital Statistics and Sample Survey

### **Unit – II Theories of Population Growth**

**A]** Malthusian Theory

- **B**] Biological, Socio-cultural and Economic Theories
- **C]** Demographic Transition Theory

**D**] Optimum Population Theory

### **Unit – III Population Growth: Demographic Variables**

A] Fertility: Concept, Measures and socio-economic factors affection on fertilityB] Mortality: Concepts, Measures, Causes of death, Infact Mortality, Differential Mortality, Maternal Mortality.

C] Migration: Types, Causes and Consequences.

### **Unit – IV Population Growth in India**

A] Trends in Indian Population Growth

B] Population Policy and Family Welfare Programmes in India

C] Population and Development in Indian Context

D] Problems arising out Population growth

### **Readings:**

Bhattacharjee, P.T. and Population in India: A study of Inter-state variations, New Shastri, G.N, Delhi, 1976. Bhende, A.A. and Tara Principles of Population Studies, Himalaya Publishing

Bhende, A.A. and Tara Principles of Population Studies, Himalaya Publishing Kanitkar House, Bombay, 1992.

Bouge Donald, J. Principles of Demography, John Wiley and Sons New York, 1969.

Bose Ashish 1) Studies in Demography, Academic Books Ltd., New Delhi, 1930.

Carr Saunders, A.M. World population: Past Growth and Present Trends, Clarendon, Oxford, 1936.

Government of India, Census of India: 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, 2001.

Coontz, S.E. Population Theories and their Economic Interpretation,

McMillian, London, 1957.

Davis Kinsley Population of India and Pakistan, Princeton, 1961.

Govt. of India, Demographic Year Book, Ministry of Health and family Welfare, New Delhi.

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Joshi, B.H. Changing Demographic Structure of India, Raj Publishing House, Jaipur, 2000

Hauser, P. M. and Duncan, The Study of Population, University of Chicago, 1959. D

Kohli, S Family Planning in India, Tata McGraw, New Delhi, 1977.

Malthus, T.R.A. Summary View of the Principle of Population, London, 1830.

Pande, G.C. Principles of Demography, Amol publication, New Delhi, 1990.

Spiegelman, M. Introduction to Demography, 1955.

Thompson, W.S. Population Problem, Tata McGraw, New Delhi, 1972.

Willcox, W.F. International Migration, Vol.I and II, National Bureau of Economic Research, New York

### Sem-I Paper -04 (F) SOCIOLOGY OF SOCIAL STRATIFICATION

#### **Objective:**

To understand social stratification To understand the class identity and social mobility	
Unit-I. Understanding Social Stratification: A. Definition, characteristics and types of social stratification B. Social Differentiation and Social Stratification C. Social inequality vs. biological/natural inequality	15
Uniit-II . Theoretical Perspectives on Social Stratification: A. Functional perspectives: Talcott Parsons, Kingsley Davis & Wilbert E. Moore B. Conflict perspectives: Karl Marx, Pierre Bourdieu	15
<ul><li>Unit-III. Class Identity and Culture:</li><li>A. Class and Types of Capitals, Attitudes to class and identity,</li><li>B. Class ambivalence, Culture and Class Conflict</li></ul>	15
<b>Unit IV. Social Mobility and Social Stratification:</b> A. Ascription and Achievement, types of mobility: Absolute, relative, intergenerational, intra-generational, upward, downward B. Caste, Gender and mobility; the death of class	15

#### **Suggested Readings:**

1. Haralambos, Michael, MartinHolborn and Robin Heald. Sociology: Themes and Perspectives, Collins, 2000.

2. Gordon, L. "On "Difference", Gender, 1991.

3. Gupte, D. "Hierarchy and Difference", in Dipankar Gupta (ed.): Social Stratification (1-21), Delhi: OUP, 1991.

4. Dahrendorf, R. Essays in the Theory of Society, London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1968. (Chapter 1)

5. Beteille, A. "Introduction", in Andre Beteille (ed.): Equality and Inequality: Theory and Practice (1-27), OUP, Delhi, 1983.

6. Beteille, A. Inequality among Men, Oxford: BasilBlackwell, 1977.

7. Mencher, J. "The Caste System Upside Down", in Dipankar Gupta (ed.): Social Stratification (93-109), Delhi:OUP, 1991.

8. Vasanth and Kannabiran K. "Caste and Gender: Understanding Dynamics of Power and Violence", in Anupama Rao (ed.) Gender and Caste (249-60, Delhi: Kali for Women.

9. Weber, M. 1978. Economy and Society, Berkeley: University of California Press, (Vol. 1, Part-1, Chapter 4:, Vol. 2, Part-2, Chapter 9, Section 6).

10. Wesolowski, W. 1979. Classes, Strata and Power, London: Routledge and Kegan Paul. (Chapters 1 and 3)

11. Wright, Olin E. 1985. Classes, London: Verso (Chapter 3)

12. Marx, K. 1975. The Poverty of Philosophy, Moscow: Progress Publishers (Chapter 2,

Section 5).

13. Miliband, R. 1983. Class, Power and State Power, London: Verso (Chapter 1).

14. Beteille, A. 1983. The Idea of Natural Inequality and other Essays, Delhi: OUP, pp. 7-32.

15. Sen, A. 1990. "Gender and Cooperative Conflicts", in Irene Tinker (ed.): Persistent Inequalities (123-49), New York: OUP.

16. Palriwala, R. 2000. "Family: Power Relations and Power Structures", in C. Kramarae and D. Spender 9eds.): International Encyclopedia of Women: Global Women"s Issues and Knowledge, vol.2: 669-74), London: Routledge.

17. Mazumdar, V and Sharma, K. 1990. "Sexual Division of Labour and the Subordination of Women: A Reappraisal from India", in Irene Tinker (ed.): Persistent Inequalities (185-97),

New York: OUP.

18. Chakravarti, U. 1995. "Gender, Caste, and Labour", EPW, 30 (36): 2248-56.

19. Kapadia, K. 1996. Sive and Her Sisters: Gender, Caste, and Class in Rural South India,

Delhi: OUP. (Part 3).

20. Chowdhry, P. 1997. "Enforcing Cultural Codes: Gender and Violence in Northern India", EPW, 32(19): 10119-28.

# Sem-II Paper 7 (D) Sociology of India

#### Objectives

1. To acquaint the students to the continuities and contradictions in Indian society through centuries.

2. To trace the history of ideas related to the analysis of Indian society.

3. To analyse the role of colonialism, democracy, nation building and globalization in shaping contemporary, Indian society.

Unit I. Formation of Sociology in India: Knowledge, Institutions and Practices	15
<ul> <li>Unit II. India as an 'Object' of study</li> <li>a. Colonial, Nationalist, Indological, (Ghurye,)</li> <li>b. Structural-Functional, (M. N. Sriniwas,)</li> <li>c. Dialectical, (D. P. Mukherji, A. R. Desai,)</li> <li>d. Subaltern (R. Guha)</li> <li>e. Non Brahmin (Phule, Dr.Babasaheb Ambedkar)</li> <li>f. Feminist (Neera Desai, Leela Dube)</li> </ul>	15
<ul> <li>Unit III. Debates on Indian Social Institutions</li> <li>a. Family, Kinship and Household (Joint versus nuclear, household versus family)</li> <li>Village (phases)</li> <li>b.Urban Settings (going beyond rural- urban continuum)</li> </ul>	15
Unit IV. Debates on Social Stratification in India a. Caste b. Class c. Tribe d. Gender	15
<ul> <li>References</li> <li>1. Andre Beteille, Sociology: Essays on Approach and Method, OUP, New Delhi, 2002.</li> <li>2. Breman Jan, Kloos Peter and Ashwini Saith, The Village in Asia Revisited, OUP 1997</li> <li>3. D.N.Dhanagare, Themes and Perspectives in Indian Sociology, Rawat Publications, 1999</li> <li>4. Gail Omvedt, Dalits and Democratic Revolution, Sage, New Delhi</li> <li>5. M.N.Srinivas, Collected Essays, OUP, New Delhi, 2002</li> <li>6. S.M.Dahiwale (ed), Indian Society: Non-Brahmanic Perspectives, Rawat Publications, 2004</li> <li>7. Sujata Patel and Alice Thorner (eds), Bombay Metaphor for Modern India Bombay and Delhi, Oxford University Press.</li> <li>8. Satish Deshpande, Contemporary India: Sociological Perspectives, Viking</li> <li>9. Sunil Khilnani, The Idea of India, Penguin, New Delhi, 1999</li> <li>10. Veena Das, The Oxford Companion to Sociology and Social Anthropology, Vol. I and II, OUP, New Delhi, 2003</li> </ul>	

## Sem –II Paper -07 (E) SOCIOLGY OF TRIBAL SOCIETY

### **Objective:**

<ol> <li>To make students understand the concepts and approaches to the study of tribes.</li> <li>To acquaint the students with the problems of tribes and the factors responsible for change in tribal socio-cultural life.</li> </ol>	
<ul> <li>Unit - I Tribal Society:</li> <li>A] The concept of tribe: Tribe and Caste</li> <li>B] Characteristics of Tribes</li> <li>C] Demographic profile of Indian Tribes</li> <li>D] Tribal studies in India</li> </ul>	15
<ul><li>Unit - II Problems of Tribes:</li><li>A] Land alienation, poverty and indebtedness</li><li>B] Health and Mal-nutrition</li><li>C] Displacement and rehabilitation</li></ul>	15
<ul> <li>Unit - III Tribes in Transition:</li> <li>A] Impact of industrialization and urbanization</li> <li>B] Impact of Globalisation and Privatisation</li> <li>C] Changes in tribal society.</li> <li>D] Tribal Identity and Tribal Movements</li> </ul>	15
<ul> <li>Unit - IV Tribal Development:</li> <li>A] Approaches to tribal development: Assimilations' and Isolationist</li> <li>B] Constitutional safeguards for the Scheduled Tribes</li> <li>C] Policies and Programmes for the welfare of Tribal people</li> <li>D] NGOs and Tribal Development</li> </ul>	15
Readings: Ember.C.K. andMelvin Ember :Vidyarthi, L.P. and Roy B.K :Introduction to Cultural Anthropology, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1977 Tribal Culture in India. Concept, New Delhi Ghurye, G.S : Scheduled Tribes, Popular, Bombay.Sharma Suresh Tribal Identity and mod Sage Publication, NewDelhi, 1994 Singh, K.S : Tribal Situation in India, Indian Institute of Advanced, Simla,1972.Singh K.S movements in India, Vol-I and I Doshi, S.L. and Jain,P. C. :Introduction to Anthropology, Rawat, New Delhi, 1997. Raha, Manish Kumar : Tribal India: Problem of Development, New Delhi, 1997 Harasukar, Laxmi The tribes and their development, Current, Agra, 200555 Devi, Upadhyay, V.S.and Pandey Gaya,:Relevant Articles in Journals: History of Anthropological Thought, Concept, New Delhi, 2002 (1) Hakara, (2) Social Change, (3) Man in India and (4) Tribal Research Bulletin	

## Sem –II Paper 7 (F) Women in India : Structure and Change

## **Objectives** :

1. To Understand Women in India Society With Special Reference to Their Changing Status and Role.

- 2. To Understand Overall Situation of Women Under the System of Patriarchy in India.
- 3. To Orient the Students Regarding Theories of Gender Relations, Position of Women in India Society.

4. To Introduce the Students to the Debate Regarding Role of Biology& Culture in the Determination of Gender Roles.

Unit I : Women and Social Institution	15
• Women in Politics – Current Situation, Problems	
• Patriarchy in Family and Religion	
• Economy and Women – Invisible Work, Sexual Division of Labour	
Unit II : Educational Status of Women in India	15
• Women's Education in Ancient Period – Medieval Period	
Women's Education in Modern Era	
Higher Education and Women	
Unit III : Indian Thinkers (Women)	15
• Sawitribai Phule	
• Pandita Ramabai	
• Tarabai Shinde	

15

- Ramabai Ranade
- Godavari Parulekar

### Unit IV: Situation of Girl Child in India

- Dropout of Girls in Education
- Early Marriage& Teenage Pregnancy
- Sexual Exploitation
- Female Feticide

### **Reference :**

Desai, Neera and M.Krishnaraj, 1967 : Women and Society in India, Delhi : Ajanta Women in Modern India, 1967

Dube, Leela et.al (eds.)1986. Visibility and Power, Essay on women in Society and Development, New DelhiGovt.of India, 1974. Towards Equality (Reports on Condition on the Status of Women)

Altekar, A.S.1983, The Position of Women in Hindu Civilizations Delhi, Motilala Banarasidas, Second Edition, Fifth ReprintChodrow, Nancy, 1978, The Reproduction of Moterhing, Berkely University of California Press

Desai Neera and M. Krishnaraj, 1978, Women and Society in India, Delhi, Ajanta Forbes G.,1998, Women in Modern India, New Delhi, Cambridge University Press Maccoby, Eleaner and Carol jack in, 1975, The Psychology of Sex Differences, StandfordUniversity Press Mc Cormack, C.andM. Strathern (eds.) 1980, Nature, Culture and Gender, Combridge University PressMyers, Kristen Anderson et.al(eds.) 1998, Feminist Foundations : Towards Transforming Sociology, New Delhi, Sage

Oakely, Ann, 1972, Sex, Gender and Society, New York, Harper and Row

Sharma, Ursula,1983, Women, Work and Property in North-West India, London, Tavistock Srinivas M.N., Castits Modern Avatar, New Delhi, Penguin (LeelaDube's Article on Caste and Women)

Vaid,S. and K. Sangari, 1989, Recasting Women Essays in Colonial History, New Delhi Desai Neera-The Decade of Women Movement in India., Himalaya Pulishing House, New Delhi Leflie J.-J. Colman- Towards Empowerment Women and Movement Politics in India, West View Trade Boulder

Govt. of India-Women Development: Some Critical Issue, Morva Publication, New Delhi Jaywardane, Kumari, 1991. Feminism and Nationalism in the Third World, New Delhi, Kali for Women

Mies Maria, 1980. Indian Women and Patriarchy, Conflict and Dilemmas of Students and Working Women, New Delhi

Ramesh C. Nair, CheenaJosep – Women, Gender and Equality and Unnoted Bibliography Naomi Black and A.B.Cottrell – Women and World Change

# Sem-II Paper . 8 (D) Agrarian Society and change in India

#### Objectives

To introduce students to different approaches to the study of Agrarian Social structure.
 To understand the contemporary agrarian society and issues in relevant context.

Unit I. Concept of agrarian social structure a. Structure of peasantry as an analytical category. b. Basic feature of agrarian society. c. Tribal and Peasant society	15.
Unit II. Evolution of Agrarian Structure in India	13.
a. Feudalism	
<ul> <li>b. Asiatic Mode of Production</li> <li>c. Colonial Land Settlement</li> </ul>	15
c. Colonial Land Settlement	15
Unit III. Programmes in Post Independence India a. Panchayati Raj	
<ul> <li>b. Community Development Programmes</li> <li>c. HYV programmes :- The Green Revolution and its out come.</li> <li>d. Poverty Alleviation programme integrated</li> </ul>	
1. EGS	
2. SGRY 3. NREGP	15
Unit IV. Post Liberation Policies	
a. Peasant Movement in the 1980s and Politics of Farm Lobby	
b. Globalisation and Its Impact on Indian agriculture.	15
<b>References</b> 1. Beteille Andre : Six Essays in Comparative Sociology; OUP, New Delhi 1974, PP 1-50 2. Thorner Daniel and Thorner Alice- Land and Labour in India - Asia Publications,	
Bombay, 1962. Whole book. 3. Desai A. R., Rural Sociology in India, Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1977 PP- 269-336, 425, 527.	
4. Dhanagare D. N.; Peasant Movement in India; Oxford University Press New Delhi, 1988 PP 1-25 88-155.	
5. Omvedi Gail - Land, Caste and Politics; Department of Political Science, Delhi University Delhi 1987, Introduction only.	
6. Shanin, T., Peasantry - Delineation of Sociological concept - Journal of Peasant Studies, 1991, PP 180-200	
MA Sociology Sem I to IV Syllabus 9 7. Agrawal Bina, Who sows? Who Reaps? Institute of Economic Growth, - New Delhi, Full Booklet.	
<ol> <li>Beteille Andre; Caste, Class, and Power; California University Press, 1971, PP 185-226</li> <li>Desai A. R. : Agrarian Struggles in India after Independence, Oxford University Press, New Delhi 1986, PP. 129-189</li> </ol>	
10. Mencher J., Problems of Analysing Rural Class Structure; Economic and Political weekly, Vol. IX, 1974.	
11. Thorner A.; "Semi-Fundalism on Capitalism Contemporary in India", Economic and Political	
12. weekly, Vol. X, Nos 49-51, Dec. 11 & 23 (1982)	

13. Nanda M.: Transnationalism of Third World States and Undoing of Green Revolution, Economic and Political Weekly, Jan - 23- 1995.

14. Sathyamurthy, T. V. Industry and Agriculture in India Since Independence; Vol.2, OUP, New Delhi-1996 - Entire Volume.

15. Singh Katar Rural Development, Sage, 1999.

16. Jan Zsary, Indus eat al, The State of World Rural Poverty : An Inquiry into its causes and consequences; New York Univ. Press, 1992, Pg. 1-50

17. Joan Macher - Conflicts and Contradictions in the Green Revolution, The Case of Tamilnadu EW, Vol IX (1974), PP 1545, 1503.

### Sem-II Paper 08 (E) NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANISATIONS (NGOs) AND DEVELOPMENT

### **Objectives:** 1] To equip the students with the basic knowledge about NGOs, their programmes/activities. 2] To introduce the students about the role of NGOs in Development. Unit – I Non – Governmental Organisations (NGOs) and Voluntary 15 **Organisations (VOs) in India** A] Nature, Concept and Definitions of NGOs. B] Concept of Voluntary Organisations, Community Based Organisations C] Historical Growth of Voluntary organizations in India. **D**] Societies Registration Act- 1860 **Unit – II Projects and Programmes Management** 15 A] Nature and Concept of Project Management **B**] Preparation of Project Proposals C] Implementation of Programmes and Projects. **D**] Monitoring, Supervision and evaluation of projects. **Unit – III Financial Sources and Funding Organizations.** 15 A] Financial sources from the Govt. organizations **B**] Funding sources from the NGOs and Autonomous Bodies **C**] International Funding organizations **D**] Foreign Funds and FCRA provisions **Unit – IV Role of NGOs in Development** 15 A] Role of NGOs in Rural Development. **B**] NGOs and Welfare of the Disabled **C**] Role of NGOs in the development of women and children **Recommended Readings:** Lawani B. T.: 1999 NGOs in Development, Rawat Publications, Jaipur. Chandra and Snehalata: Non- Govt. Organisations, Karishka Publishers, New Delhi. 2001 Tribhuwan R. D. and others: How to Write Project Proposals, Discovery Publishing 2000 House, New Delhi. Shivaji Dharmarajan: 2001 NGOs as Prime Movers, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi. Lewis David and W. Tina: Development NGOs and the Challenge of Change, Rawat 2003 Publications, Jaipur. Maylor Hwnvey: 1999 Project Management, Mac Millan India Ltd., New Delhi. Gray C. F.: 2000 Project Management, MacGraw Hill Higher Education, Boston. Chaudhary D. P.: 1979 Social Welfare Administration, Atmaram and Sons, New Delhi.

Kranti Rana: 2001 Peoples Participation and Voluntary Action, Kanishka

Publishers, New Delhi
Govt. of India: 1976 Foreign Contribution Regulations Act, 1976, Govt.
Publications, New Delhi.
Hazara Iyan Climate Change law and society, Satyam law International,
New Delhi, 2017
Pawar S. N., :J. B. Ambekar NGO and Development: The Indian Scenario, Rawat and D. Shrikant Publications, New Delhi, 2004

### Sem-II Paper 08 (F) LAW AND SOCIAL CHANGE IN INDIA

### **Objectives:**

1] To understand the constitutional provisions and India and her welfare state2] To understand the role of law as an instrument of social change in India in the specific context of social legislation in India.

Unit - I Constitution of India:	15
A] Fundamental Rights and Duties-Directive Principles of	
State Policy	
B] Concepts of Social Welfare and Social Justice; India as a	
Welfare State	
<b>C</b> ] Social Functions of Legislation and its Limitations	
Unit - II Labour Legislation In India	15
A] Legislation relating to the Factories, Trade Unions, Wage	
Determination and Collective Bargaining, Industrial	
Disputes.	
<b>B</b> ] Legislation relating to Regulation of Contract Labour,	
Workman's Compensation, Insurance and Retirement	
Benefits and Women Labour	
C] Legislation Applicable to Sectors such as Building and	
Construction, Interstate Migrant Workers and Dock	
Workers	
Unit - III Legislation Relating to Women and Children	15
A] Social Legislation relating to Women: Legislation relating to	
Dowry, Property Rights, Political Empowerment and Domestic	
Violence and Immoral Traffic Prevention.	
<b>B] Legislation relating to Children:</b> The Child Marriage Restraint Act, Legislation relating to Education and Prevention	
of Child Labour	
Unit - IV Social Legislation Relating to SCs and STs	15
A] Untouchability Abolition Act, 1955/ The Protection of	10
Civil Rights Act, 1955	
B] The Prevention of Atrocities on SCs and STs Act, 1989	
Recommended Readings:	
Bhatia, K.L., 1994 Law and Social Change Towards 21st Century, New Delhi,	
Deep and Deep,	
Robert, F.M. Law and Social Change-Indo-American Reflections, New	
Delhi, ISI.	
Shams Shamsuddin. 1991 Women, Law and Social Change, New Delhi, Ashish	
Publishing House,	
Kulkarni, P.D. Social Policy and Social Development in India. Madras. ASSWI, 1979.	
Pathak, S. 1981 Social Welfare: An Evolutionary and Development	
Perspective, Delhi: McMillan,	
Indian Social Institute. Annual Survey of Indian Law, New Delhi, ISI,	

1998.

Katalia & Majundar. 1981. The Constitution of India: New Delhi, Orient Publishing Company, Antony, M.J. 1997 Social Action Through Courts, New Delhi, ISI,